



Adversaries Also Lift & Shift

Cloud Threats Through the Eyes of an Adversary

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Roei Sherman

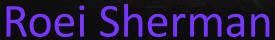
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Nice to meet you!







Field CTO at Mitiga







Ex-Global Director, Offensive Services
AB InBev | Independent IR



B.A - Information systems and Cybersecurity M.A - Criminology



Co-organizer of BSidesTLV Volunteer in Trace Labs



Amateur Homebrewer













We must remember,
SaaS is
Cloud.





Everyone is Moving to the Cloud.





30,000

SaaS companies worldwide

Companies: As of 2023, there are approximately 30,000 SaaS companies worldwide. (Spendesk)



\$678.8 B

End-user spending in 2024

Spending: Gartner forecasts that worldwide end-user spending on public cloud services will grow 20.4% to reach \$678.8 billion in 2024, up from \$563.6 billion in 2023



\$908.21 B

Cloud market by 2023

Growth: The market is projected to reach \$908.21 billion by 2030, growing at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 18.7% during this period (Forbes)



It's Huge for Good Reason.





Cost reduction



Maintenance



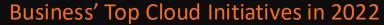
Digital transformation



Availability



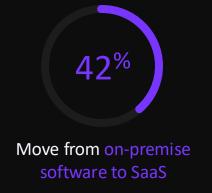
Scalability



Source: Flexera 2022 Stat of the Cloud Report







Benefits

Source: Fortinet 2023 Cloud Security Report

53%

More Flexible Capacity/ Scalability 45%

Increased Agility 44%

Improved
Availability and
Business Continuity

41%

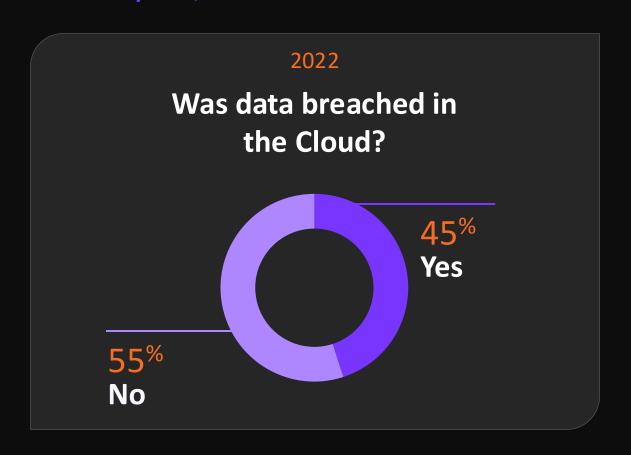
Accelerated
Deployment and
Provisioning

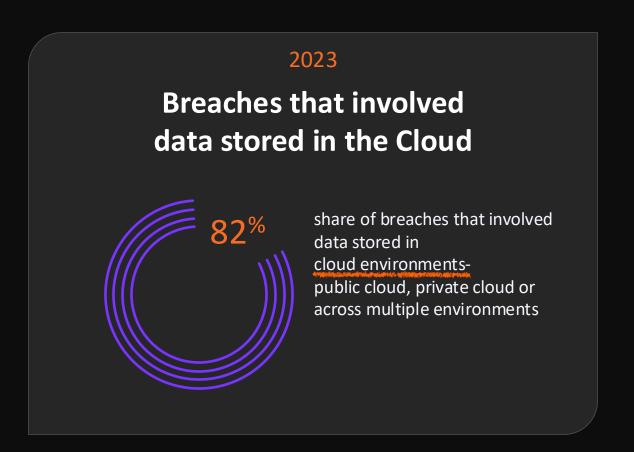


Attackers have moved to the Cloud too



In one year, cloud breaches doubled







Case Study: Midnight Blizzard



Attacked

November 2023

Disclosed

January 2024



Threat actor is APT



TTPs used are basic and common



Target was

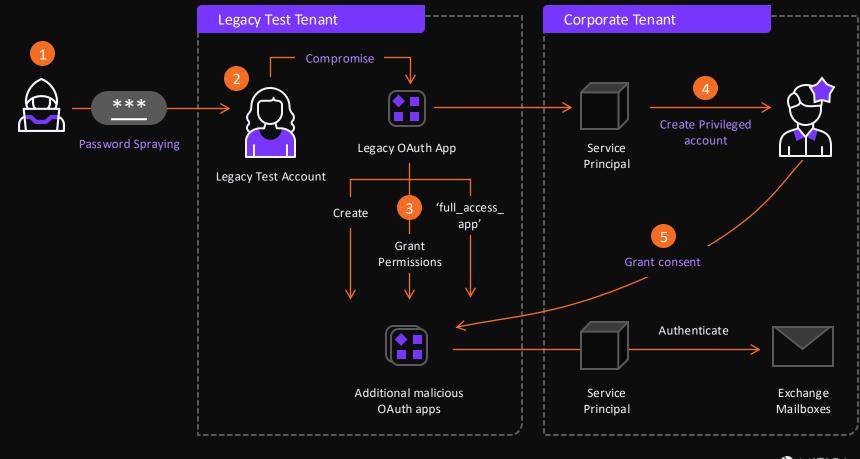
Microsoft – owner

and builder of Azure –

one of the main

Cloud Service Providers

Estimated Attack Flow





Attacking On-Prem vs Cloud



	On-Premises		Cloud	
	Attackers	Defenders	Attackers	Defenders
Required Skillset	High	Moderate	Low	High
Availability of Tools	Abundant	High	High	Limited
Knowledge about the Organization	Detailed understanding needed	Detailed understanding needed	Minimal understanding needed	Detailed understanding needed
Perimeter Difference	Well-defined perimeter (network based)	Well-defined perimeter	Expansive, often unclear perimeter (identity based)	Expansive, often unclear perimeter
Ability to Respond Effectively	-	Controlled, Centralized	-	Challenged by complex permissions

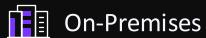


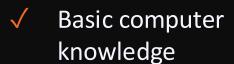


Skillset required

Old-school hacking meets the cloud revolution







- ✓ Protocols
- Compile and run exploits
- ✓ Bypassing EDR
- ✓ Everything has OS





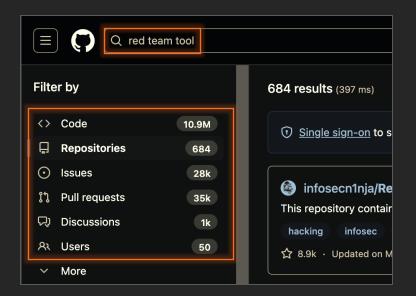


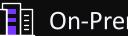
- ✓ Everything has a UI
- Everything available overweb and API
- ✓ Plenty of usage documentation
- ✓ Widely known misconfigurations

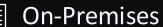


Red Teamers:

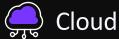
Collecting tools like Pokemons













- Tools are getting "burned" by defense
- C2 frameworks costs
- Mimikatz, n-day exploits
- Metasploit

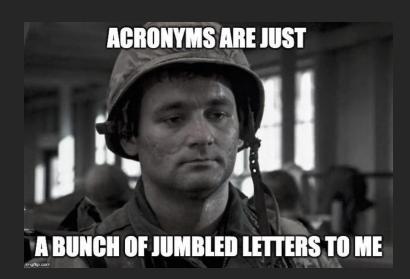
- You can't have hash for behaivour
- No need for 0-day\n-day
- "exploits" are for configuration\design

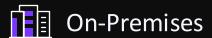


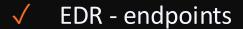
Security techstack

Acronyms:

making hackers feel important since ever







- ✓ IPS\IDS network
- ✓ NAC physical
- ✓ Internal FW segmentation







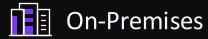
- ✓ CSPM Cloud Security Posture Management
- CASB Cloud AccessSecurity Broker
- ✓ SSPM SaaS Security Posture Management
- ✓ TDIR\CDR Threat
 Detection Incident
 Response\Cloud
 Detection Response



The "PeRiMeTer"

'The New Perimeter'
As effective as the old one.









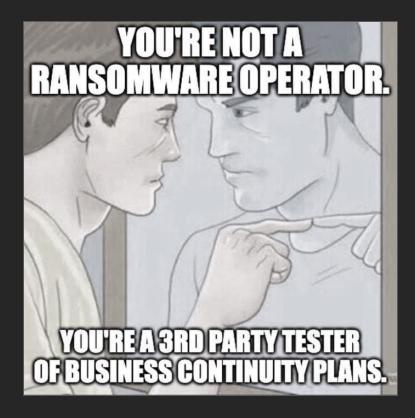


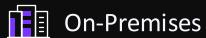
- Malware on host
- ✓ VPN
- ✓ Vulnerability in edge device
- ✓ Physical access

✓ Identity (yeah, that's it)

I am the admin now

Malicious tool vs. malicious intent











- ✓ Interacting with LSASS is suspicious
- ✓ Tool signatures
- ✓ NT(LM)
- Exploit running
- ✓ DNS exfiltration

- ✓ Bucket\
 Storage replication
- ✓ App added to EntralD
- ✓ App added to GitHub\Gitlab
- ✓ Creating a GPU VM
- ✓ Creating API\Access keys





New Tech, New Skills



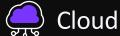






On-Premises







- ✓ Tech is (mostly) same
- ✓ We know the architecture
- ✓ AD lateral movement and privilege escalation
- ✓ Common Event IDs
- ✓ Common SIEM queries\playbooks

- ✓ How do you investigate a bucket "leak"?
- ✓ What is the "architecture" between the serverless, containers and storage?
- ✓ How to investigate HR SaaS after unauthorized login?
- ✓ Do we have a playbook that fits3 different CSPs?

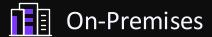


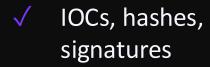
Defenders POV

We've Got Security Covered

Just ignore those daily breaches







- ✓ SIGMA, YARA, Snort rules
- ✓ Isolation via EDR
- ✓ Able to patch vulnerabilities







- ✓ IPs & Domains
- ✓ IOAs
- ✓ Can't isolate a bucket
- ✓ Can't patch (Shared Responsibility)

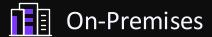


Defenders POV

Security techstack

So many tools, so little security







- ✓ SIEM
- ✓ SOAR\XSOAR
- ✓ IDS\IPS
- ✓ FW
- ✓ Network Analysis







✓ Logs?

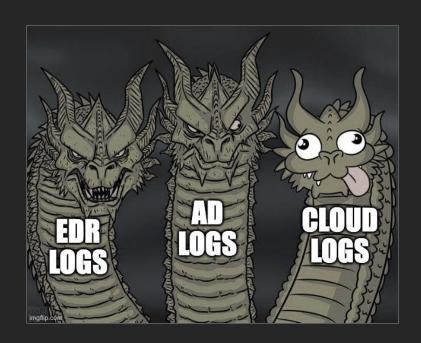


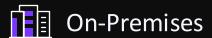


Defenders POV

Visibility

It's like finding a needle in a haystack. Blind. Hands tied behind your back. In the dark.







- ✓ Enable using policy
- ✓ Same structure
- ✓ Common types –
 Syslog, Network flow,
 Powershell logging,
 Event logs, App logs,
 AD logs, Linux logs...







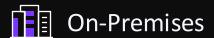
- ✓ Turned off by default
- ✓ Need to turn on in each region
- ✓ Different type\content\structure
- SaaS sometimes don't have them (and when they do it is blocked by license tiers)

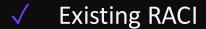


RACI

Structured Chaos vs. Complete Anarchy







- ✓ IT\Cyber Security
- ✓ SOC\SecOps
- Have administrative access
- ✓ Security policy for new resources
- ✓ Patch\update cycles







- ✓ Dev\DevOps\
 DevSecOps
- ✓ Soc\SecOps
- No administrative access
- ✓ Don't manage the cloud
- ✓ Zero control over cloud\saas vulnerabilities









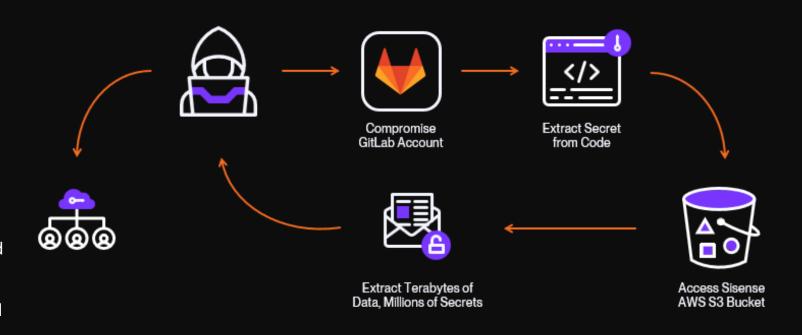
Case Study Sisense - Attack Flow



April 2024

Sisense's GitLab code repository was breached, leading to data exfiltration from its Amazon S3 accounts.

- Exposed credentials and tokens potentially compromised Sisense and third-party services like Salesforce, AWS, and Google.
- CISA urged Sisense customers to reset credentials and investigate suspicious activity.
- Sisense's CISO recommended rotating credentials and provided mitigation actions.
- Attackers accessed Sisense's GitLab and used credentials to download data from AWS.



Apply What You Learned Today!





Next Week

Increase your cloud visibility

- Verify you have adequate logs from your CSPs.
- Verify you have logs from all SaaS platforms.



Next Month

Use what they give you

Make sure you enable all security tooling offered by the platforms:

- AWS offers GuardDuty
- Azure offers Security Center / Microsoft Defender for Cloud
- GCP offers Google Cloud Security Command Center (SCC)



And then...

Don't Stop There! Become Proactive!

- Perform red team and threat hunting on cloud and SaaS, like any other system.
- Start building anomaly and behavioral detections for your cloud footprint.





Thank you

Questions?

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